### Knowledge Organiser: PE Year 9 Swimming – Water Polo

# CHECK THIS VIDEO: WATER POLO RULES <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FMjl6rwJSLg">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FMjl6rwJSLg</a>

Key Words	Key points to being successful in the game
Water Polo Strokes	Head up front crawl – short arm pull
Sitting back crawl	Elbows enter first, spider kick
	Dribbling skills – not touching the ball, ensuring ball kept within your space
	- Passing skills – everything one handed [SEP]
	- Shooting skills – dry pass, wet pass [1]
	- Game tactics [SEP]
	- Egg Beater leg kick – Treading water enables player to gain height water
Basic Game Rules - SEP	7 a side[sep] 4 x 8 minute quarters[sep]
	One handed pass only
	Ball cannot be submerged BEP
	Players can't move holding the ball
	Players can't touch the bottom or sides of the pool

Key Content and Terms to learn:  One handed pass, Egg beater leg kick, EpDry pass and wet pass.  At the start of the game all players against the wall and swim to centre for possession. In players return to their own half and a pass back from centre to restart the game.	restigate the origins of the game. Find out about our Olympic Mens & Ladies	retch and Challenge Task
	e handed pass, EFE Egg beater leg kick, EFF Dry pass and wet pass.	•
The same time.  The same time.  The same time.  The same time.		
	Company Continues Continue	

# Water polo fouls and physicality

It's no secret that water polo isn't a sport for the faint-hearted. But while there is plenty of jostling and grappling for position in all matches, there are such a thing as water polo fouls, for which referees will call players to account.

Without water polo referees, matches would be mayhem.

In fact, the use of stricter 'English rules' at the inaugural men's Olympic water polo competition in 1900 was thought to be one of the reasons American teams didn't travel to Paris to play.

Read on to find out more about the different water polo fouls you will see referees give in a match.

## Types of water polo foul

#### 1. Ordinary Foul.

Also called minor fouls, these are punished by the reward of an immediate free throw to the other team. Ordinary fouls are very common in water polo.

#### 2. Personal Foul.

There are two types of personal fouls. These are exclusion fouls and penalty fouls. Once a player has committed three personal fouls during a game, they must be substituted out of the match and cannot return.

#### 3. Exclusion Foul.

Exclusion fouls are also known as major fouls and, unsurprisingly, are for more serious breaches of play than minor fouls. They result in a free throw to the opponents, and the exclusion of the fouler for 20 seconds.

#### 4. Penalty Foul.

Penalty fouls are usually awarded when a major foul is committed within 5m of the goal, or when a clear opportunity to score is denied by a foul. These result in a penalty shot from the 5m line.











